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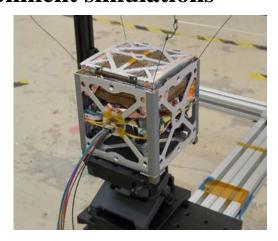
**May 2017** 



- Background
- Solar Array Materials
- Simulated Space Environment Exposures
  - **►** Atomic Oxygen
  - **►** Ultraviolet Radiation
  - **Electron Radiation**
  - Proton Radiation
  - **▶** Thermal Cycling
- Summary



- Lightweight Integrated Solar Array and Transceiver (LISA-T)
  - ➤ Deployable solar array
  - Can provide over a hundred watts of power yet stow into less than a standard one-unit (1U) CubeSat, or a volume of less than 4 inches x 4 inches x 4 inches
  - ➤ Flexible solar cells do not allow for standard coverglass protection from the space environment
  - ➤ Candidate solar cells and protective thin films tested in space environment simulations







- Solar Cells
  - ➤ Inverted metamorphic multi-junction (IMM)
    - **■** High performance, higher cost, modestly lightweight, extremely thin
  - Copper indium gallium (di)selenide (CIGS)
    - **■** Low cost, lower efficiency
    - **■** Less than half the weight of the IMM cell but twice the thickness
  - ➤ Single junction GaAs cells
    - **■** Medium option in cost and efficiency
- Solar cell performance evaluated by power curves, optical properties, mass loss



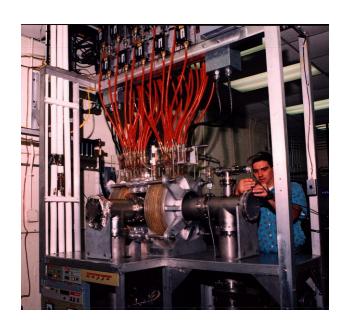
- Thin Films
  - **CORIN**
  - **CORIN** with cerium oxide
  - **≻** Optinox
  - Optinox with cerium oxide
- Applied to solar cells or exposed separately
- Performance evaluated by transmission measurements, mass loss

M. Finckenor May 2017 ASEC



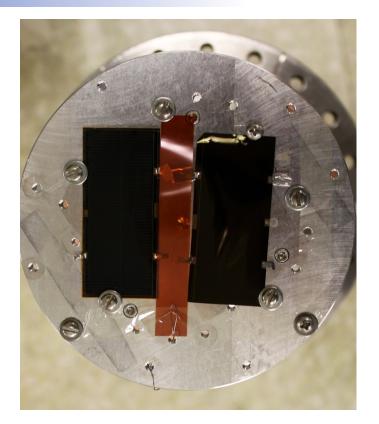
### Atomic Oxygen

- ➤ Atomic Oxygen Beam Facility
- ➤ 5 eV neutral oxygen atoms with concurrent vacuum UV radiation
- ➤ Iterations up to 2.5 x 10<sup>21</sup> atoms/cm<sup>2</sup> fluence
- ➤ One bare and one CORIN-coated IMM solar cell
- ➤ All candidate thin films plus nitinol wire





- Atomic Oxygen Results
  - **➤** Bare Solar Cell
    - Mass loss of 1.3%
    - 97.6% power retention
  - CORIN coated solar cell
    - Mass loss of 1.9%
    - 103.6% power retention due to surface texturing and slight decrease in reflectance

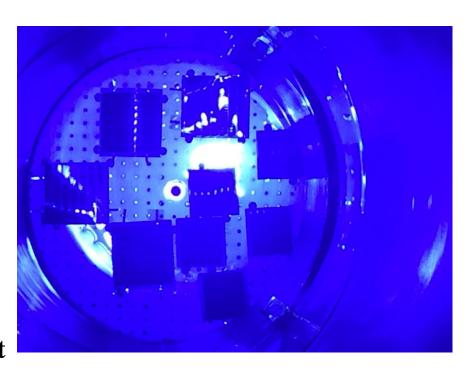


- Optinox film heavily eroded
- ➤ CORIN formed self-passivating layer in AO
- ➤ Nitinol wire had slight mass loss, no performance changes



#### Ultraviolet Radiation

- Solar Simulator with xenon arc lamp
- > IMM and CIGS cells
  - Bare
  - **■** Coated with Optinox
  - Coated with CORIN
  - Coated with CORIN with cerium oxide
- ➤ Iterations up to 2,000 equivalent sun hours





#### Ultraviolet Radiation Results

- **Bare IMM** 
  - 98.5% power retention
- Coated IMM
  - 80.8% power retention for CORIN, slightly better with addition of ceria
  - 85.5% power retention for Optinox
- **Bare CIGS** 
  - Degraded open circuit voltage, 70% power retention at best
- Coated CIGS
  - 86.5% power retention for CORIN, 91.6% with addition of ceria
  - **73.4% power retention for Optinox**



#### Electron Radiation

- > Combined Environmental Effects Facility with Pelletron accelerator
- **▶** 1 MeV electrons
- ➤ IMM, CIGS, and single junction GaAs cells
  - Bare
  - **■** Coated with Optinox
  - Coated with CORIN
  - **■** Coated with CORIN with cerium oxide
- CORIN and CORIN with ceria thin films also exposed
- $\triangleright$  Iterations from 3 x 10<sup>13</sup> up to 5 x 10<sup>15</sup> e-/cm<sup>2</sup>





- Electron Radiation Results
  - > Coatings had little effect on solar cell durability
  - > IMM
    - Slightly degraded after 1 x 10<sup>14</sup> e-/cm<sup>2</sup>
  - **CIGS** 
    - **■** Maintained power retention through all exposures
  - Bare single junction GaAs
    - **■** Significant degradation
  - ➤ No significant change in transmission for either type of film



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#### Proton Radiation

- ➤ Combined Environmental Effects Facility with Pelletron accelerator
- > IMM and CIGS cells
  - Bare
  - **■** Coated with Optinox (IMM only)
  - Coated with CORIN
  - Coated with CORIN with cerium oxide
- $\triangleright$  50 keV iterations from 7 x 10<sup>10</sup> up to 1 x 10<sup>15</sup> p+/cm<sup>2</sup>
- ➤ 100 keV, 500 keV, 700 keV 1 x 10<sup>13</sup> p+/cm<sup>2</sup>



#### **Proton Radiation Results**

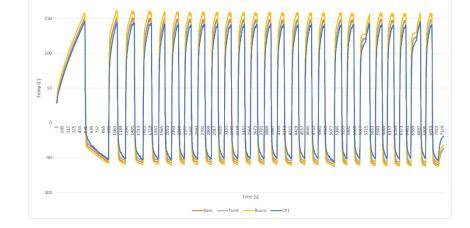
- > IMM
  - Bare cells degraded after 1 x 10<sup>12</sup> p+/cm<sup>2</sup> at 50 keV
  - Coated cells started degrading at 1 x 10<sup>15</sup> p+/cm<sup>2</sup> at 50 keV
  - Coated cells maintained power retention through higher energy **exposures**
- **CIGS** 
  - Bare cells degraded with 50 keV exposure
  - Coated cells maintained power retention through all exposures

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- Thermal Cycling
  - > Associate Engineering rapid thermal shock chamber
  - > IMM cells
    - Bare
    - Coated with CORIN
  - > CIGS cells
    - Bare
    - Coated with CORIN



Thermal Shock Test - 5/6/2016

- **■** Coated with CORIN plus anti-reflectance
- ➤ CIGS and IMM sub-coupons with solar array boom elements were cycled at least 35 times and in some cases up to 100 times.
- > Temperatures from -55 to +125 °C



- Thermal Cycling Results
  - > IMM
    - Some delamination of coating
  - **CIGS** 
    - CORIN-coated cells performed well
    - AR coating delaminated
    - AR process has been improved but not yet tested
  - ➤ IMM and CIGS sub-coupons with boom elements
    - Both had one cell drop out for power loss
    - Test will be repeated to determine if power loss due to handling or thermal cycling





### • Summary

- CORIN and CORIN with cerium oxide show promise as protective coatings for both IMM and CIGS solar cells.
- CORIN was particularly effective in protection from AO and proton radiation damage.
- > Optinox shows promise as a protective coating for the IMM solar cells outside of the AO environment.

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### Acknowledgements

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